

HW #14 (Mathsc 206)

1. $z = x^2 + y^2 + xy, x = \sin t, y = e^t \Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} = (2x + y) \cos t + (2y + x)e^t$

2. $z = \cos(x + 4y), x = 5t^4, y = 1/t \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dt} &= \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} = -\sin(x + 4y)(1)(20t^3) + [-\sin(x + 4y)(4)](-t^{-2}) \\ &= -20t^3 \sin(x + 4y) + \frac{4}{t^2} \sin(x + 4y) = \left(\frac{4}{t^2} - 20t^3 \right) \sin(x + 4y) \end{aligned}$$

3. $z = \sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}, x = \ln t, y = \cos t \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}(1 + x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2}(2x) \cdot \frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{2}(1 + x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2}(2y)(-\sin t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}} \left(\frac{x}{t} - y \sin t \right)$$

7. $z = x^2 y^3, x = s \cos t, y = s \sin t \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} = 2xy^3 \cos t + 3x^2 y^2 \sin t$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = (2xy^3)(-s \sin t) + (3x^2 y^2)(s \cos t) = -2sxy^3 \sin t + 3sx^2 y^2 \cos t$$

8. $z = \arcsin(x - y), x = s^2 + t^2, y = 1 - 2st \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}(1) \cdot 2s + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}(-1) \cdot (-2t) = \frac{2s + 2t}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}(1) \cdot 2t + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}(-1) \cdot (-2s) = \frac{2s + 2t}{\sqrt{1 - (x - y)^2}}$$

9. $z = \sin \theta \cos \phi, \theta = st^2, \phi = s^2 t \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial s} = (\cos \theta \cos \phi)(t^2) + (-\sin \theta \sin \phi)(2st) = t^2 \cos \theta \cos \phi - 2st \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = (\cos \theta \cos \phi)(2st) + (-\sin \theta \sin \phi)(s^2) = 2st \cos \theta \cos \phi - s^2 \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

21. $z = x^2 + xy^3, x = uv^2 + w^3, y = u + ve^w \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = (2x + y^3)(v^2) + (3xy^2)(1),$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = (2x + y^3)(2uv) + (3xy^2)(e^w),$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial w} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial w} = (2x + y^3)(3w^2) + (3xy^2)(ve^w).$$

When $u = 2, v = 1,$ and $w = 0,$ we have $x = 2, y = 3,$

so $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = (31)(1) + (54)(1) = 85, \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = (31)(4) + (54)(1) = 178, \frac{\partial z}{\partial w} = (31)(0) + (54)(1) = 54.$

22. $u = (r^2 + s^2)^{1/2}$, $r = y + x \cos t$, $s = x + y \sin t \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2r)(\cos t) + \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2s)(1) = (r \cos t + s)/\sqrt{r^2 + s^2},$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2r)(1) + \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2s)(\sin t) = (r + s \sin t)/\sqrt{r^2 + s^2},$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2r)(-x \sin t) + \frac{1}{2}(r^2 + s^2)^{-1/2}(2s)(y \cos t) = \frac{-rx \sin t + sy \cos t}{\sqrt{r^2 + s^2}}.$$

When $x = 1$, $y = 2$, and $t = 0$ we have $r = 3$ and $s = 1$, so $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{10}}$, $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$, and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}}$.

23. $R = \ln(u^2 + v^2 + w^2)$, $u = x + 2y$, $v = 2x - y$, $w = 2xy \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial R}{\partial x} &= \frac{\partial R}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{2u}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (1) + \frac{2v}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (2) + \frac{2w}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (2y) \\ &= \frac{2u + 4v + 4wy}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial R}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial R}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = \frac{2u}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (2) + \frac{2v}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (-1) + \frac{2w}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2} (2x) \\ &= \frac{4u - 2v + 4wx}{u^2 + v^2 + w^2}. \end{aligned}$$

When $x = y = 1$ we have $u = 3$, $v = 1$, and $w = 2$, so $\frac{\partial R}{\partial x} = \frac{9}{7}$ and $\frac{\partial R}{\partial y} = \frac{9}{7}$.