## EXAM #2 - ME 3030 - Section 002 - Thermodynamics - Spring 2023 Prof. J. R. Saylor

SOLUTION

NAME: \_

This is a closed book/closed notes exam. Use of a scientific calculator is permitted. Zero credit will be earned for this exam if the honors pledge is not signed.

1. [10 points] R-134a is the working fluid for an ideal vapor-compression refrigerator. If saturated liquid leaves the condenser at 9 bar, and the evaporator pressure is 1.0 bar, determine the heat rejected by the refrigerator in units of kJ per kilogram of refrigerant flowing if the input to the compressor is saturated

GIVEN: R-134a; Ph.; Prow; To sat light, D is sat.

vapor; ideal vapor compression refrig.

FIND: QH/m = ? KJ/kg

ASSUME: Assumptions for ideal vapor-compression refrigerator: isentropic compressor

ANALYSIS: QH/m = hz-h3) (h3 = hf (9bar) = 99.56 KT/kg

hz=h(960, 1=1)

DA, = 0.9395 KJ/kg.K

hz=h(9 box, 0.9395 kg.k)

6 hz = 276. 91 KJ/kg

 $\frac{Q_H}{\dot{m}} = h_z - h_3$ 

QH = 276.91 kg - 99.50 kg

interpolate p=9bor superheated table

$$h(\frac{kJ}{kg}) \qquad \lambda(\frac{kJ}{kg'k})$$

$$271.25 \qquad 0.9>17$$

sat liquid

(3)

0.9217 (0.9395)

282.34 0.9566

h= 276.91 k5/kg

$$\frac{\hat{Q}_{H}}{\hat{m}} = 177.35 \frac{kJ}{kg}$$

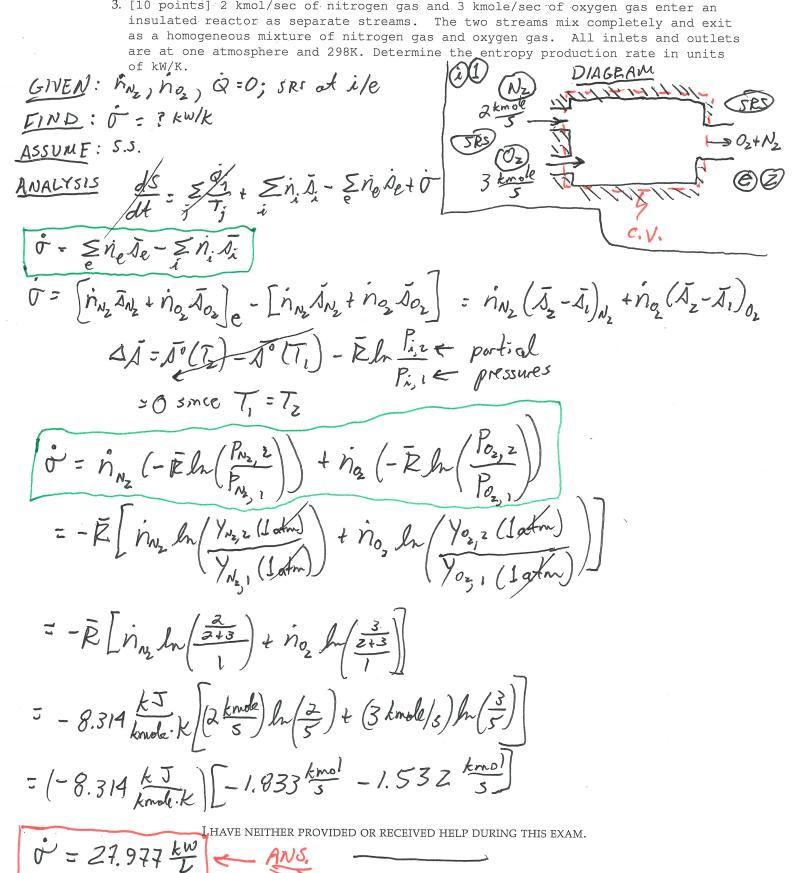
2. [5 points] The equation for the isothermal compressibility  $\kappa$  is:

$$\kappa = -\frac{1}{v} \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial p} \right)_T \tag{1}$$

Develop an equation for  $\kappa$  for an ideal gas. Present your result in its simplest possible form.

$$\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial P}\right)_T = \frac{-PT}{P^2}$$

$$k = -\frac{p}{p^2}$$



SIGNATURE