# Mthsc 301: Statistical Methods Test 3 <br> Closed Book/Notes 

November 8, 1999

1. The scores of a national test has an average of 65 points with a standard deviation of 5.5 . If the test scores for 30 students are averaged.
(a) Find the probability that the average exceeds 67.
(b) Find a point $c$ such that $95 \%$ of the averages of 30 test scores will exceed $c$.
2. Crop researchers plant 60 plots with a new variety of corn. The average yeild for these plots is 140 bushels per acre. Assume that $\sigma=12$ bushels per acre.
(a) Find a $95 \%$ CI for the mean yeild $\mu$.
(b) Does this variety seem to give a yeild significantly less than 145 bushels per acre? (State the hypotheses and do a formal test).
(c) If a $95 \%$ CI for the mean does not include the value 145 , is there evidence to conclude that $\mu \neq 145$ ?Why?
3. In order to estimate mean annual rainfall for upstate SC, we look at past four years records and find the rainfall amounts are 75,67,89 and 102.
(a) Find a $95 \%$ CI for the annual rainfall
(b) Is the mean annual rainfall significantly different from 72 ?
4. It is suspected that the average response time to a signal after consuming alcohol increases in people. 4 students are invited for this test and the response times before and after each had a six pack of beer was measured. The observed data was

| student\# | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| before | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| after | 8 | 6 | 7 | 5 |

(a) Find a $95 \%$ CI for the average difference in response time due to alcohol
(b) Test at $0.05 \%$ level whether people become slow in responding this type of signals after drinking.

