

BLENDING PROBLEM

A refinery blends four petroleum components into three grades of gasoline — *regular*, *premium*, and *low lead*. The problem is to determine the optimal usage of the four components that will maximize profit.

The availabilities of components and their costs are:

component	availability barrels/day	cost \$/barrel
#1	5,000	\$9.00
#2	2,400	7.00
#3	4,000	12.00
#4	1,500	6.00

Blending formulas and selling price for each grade are:

<u>grade</u>	<u>specification</u>	<u>selling price/barrel</u>
regular (R)	(1) not less than 40% of #1	\$12.00
	(2) not more than 20% of #2	
	(3) not less than 30% of #3	
premium (P)	(4) not less than 40% of #3	\$18.00
low lead (L)	(5) not more than 50% of #2	\$10.00
	(6) not less than 10% of #1	

FORMULATION:

Decisions: amount of each component used in each grade

Variables:

x_{ij} = barrels of component i used in grade j per day
($i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ and $j = R, P, L$)

Objective function:

$$\begin{aligned}\max z &= 12 (x_{1R} + x_{2R} + x_{3R} + x_{4R}) + 18 (x_{1P} + x_{2P} + x_{3P} + x_{4P}) \\ &+ 10 (x_{1L} + x_{2L} + x_{3L} + x_{4L}) \\ &- 9 (x_{1R} + x_{1P} + x_{1L}) - 7 (x_{2R} + x_{2P} + x_{2L}) \\ &- 12 (x_{3R} + x_{3P} + x_{3L}) - 6 (x_{4R} + x_{4P} + x_{4L}) \\ &= 3x_{1R} + 5x_{2R} + 6x_{4R} + 9x_{1P} + 11x_{2P} + 6x_{3P} \\ &+ 12x_{4P} + 1x_{1L} + 3x_{2L} - 2x_{3L} + 4x_{4L}\end{aligned}$$

Constraints:

availability: $x_{1R} + x_{1P} + x_{1L} \leq 5,000$

$$x_{2R} + x_{2P} + x_{2L} \leq 2,400$$

$$x_{3R} + x_{3P} + x_{3L} \leq 4,000$$

$$x_{4R} + x_{4P} + x_{4L} \leq 1,500$$

blending: (1) $x_{1R} / (x_{1R} + x_{2R} + x_{3R} + x_{4R}) \geq .40$

or $x_{1R} \geq .40(x_{1R} + x_{2R} + x_{3R} + x_{4R})$

or $.6x_{1R} - .4x_{2R} - .4x_{3R} - .4x_{4R} \geq 0$

(2) $x_{2R} / (x_{1R} + x_{2R} + x_{3R} + x_{4R}) \leq .20$

or $-.2x_{1R} + .8x_{2R} - .2x_{3R} - .2x_{4R} \leq 0$

(3) $x_{3R} / (x_{1R} + x_{2R} + x_{3R} + x_{4R}) \geq .30$

or $-.3x_{1R} - .3x_{2R} + .7x_{3R} - .3x_{4R} \geq 0$

(4) $x_{3P} / (x_{1P} + x_{2P} + x_{3P} + x_{4P}) \geq .40$

or $-.4x_{1P} - .4x_{2P} + .6x_{3P} - .4x_{4P} \geq 0$

(5) $x_{2L} / (x_{1L} + x_{2L} + x_{3L} + x_{4L}) \leq .50$

or $-.5x_{1L} + .5x_{2L} - .5x_{3L} - .5x_{4L} \leq 0$

(6) $x_{1L} / (x_{1L} + x_{2L} + x_{3L} + x_{4L}) \geq .10$

or $.9x_{1L} - .1x_{2L} - .1x_{3L} - .1x_{4L} \geq 0$

all $x_{ij} \geq 0$.