

MthSc 440 - HW #2

- ① Let  $x_S = \#$  Safari trucks produced per day  
 $x_R = \#$  Rover trucks produced per day

assembly: time per Safari is  $\frac{1}{850}$  day, time per Rover is  $\frac{1}{680}$  day.

since only have 1 day available  $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{850}x_S + \frac{1}{680}x_R \leq 1$  or

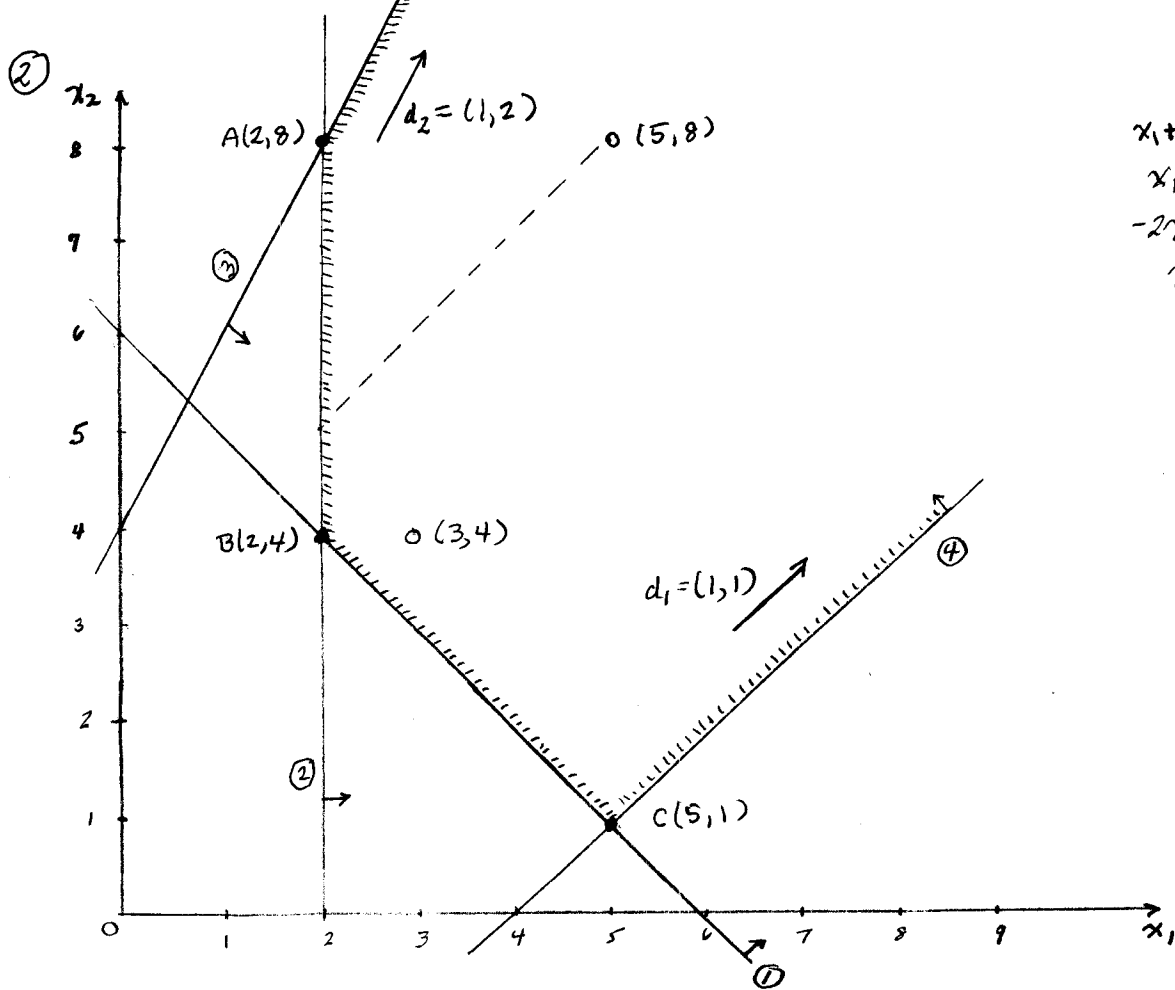
$$4x_S + 5x_R \leq 3400$$

painting:  $\frac{1}{800}x_S + \frac{1}{700}x_R \leq 1$ , or  $7x_S + 8x_R \leq 5600$

tires:  $4x_R + 5x_S \leq 2900$

$$\max \quad z = 390x_S + 430x_R$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{s.t.} \quad & 4x_S + 5x_R \leq 3400 && \text{(assembly)} \\ & 7x_S + 8x_R \leq 5600 && \text{(painting)} \\ & 5x_S + 4x_R \leq 2900 && \text{(tires)} \\ & x_S, x_R \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$



(a) extreme points:  $A(2,8)$ ,  $B(2,4)$ ,  $C(5,1)$ .

extreme directions:  $d_1 = (1,1)$ ,  $d_2 = (1,2)$

(b)  $(5,8) = (3,3) + (2,5) = 3 \cdot d_1 + (2,5) = \underbrace{3d_1}_{\text{nonnegative}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{4}(2,8) + \frac{3}{4}(2,4)}_{\text{convex}}$ , for example.  
 $= 1 \cdot d_1 + 1 \cdot d_2 + \frac{1}{2}(2,8) + \frac{1}{6}(2,4) + \frac{1}{3}(5,1)$ , alternatively

(c)  $(3,4) = a(2,8) + b(2,4) + c(5,1) = (2a+2b+5c, 8a+4b+c)$

Solve: 
$$\begin{aligned} 2a+2b+5c &= 3 \\ 8a+4b+c &= 4 \\ a+b+c &= 1 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{4}, b = \frac{5}{12}, c = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow (3,4) = \frac{1}{4}(2,8) + \frac{5}{12}(2,4) + \frac{1}{3}(5,1)$$

3

SLACK

$x_3$

$x_4$

$x_5$

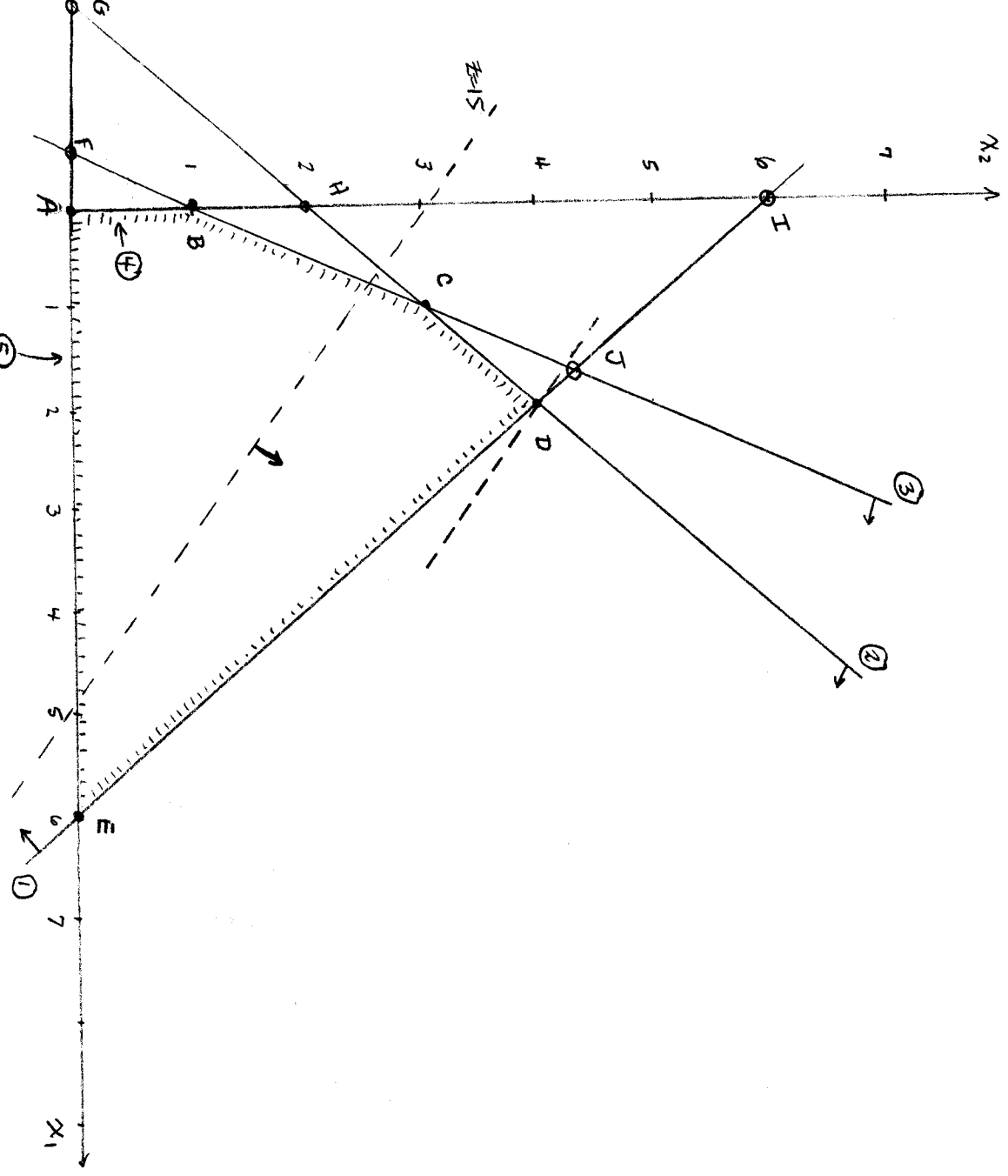
①  $x_1 + x_2 \leq 6$

②  $-x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$

③  $-2x_1 + x_2 \leq 1$

④  $x_1 \geq 0$

⑤  $x_2 \geq 0$



(a)

EP	$x$	basic	nonbasic	intersecting lines
A	$(0, 0, 6, 2, 1)$	$x_3, x_4, x_5$	$x_1, x_2$	④, ⑤: $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$
B	$(0, 1, 5, 1, 0)$	$x_2, x_3, x_4$	$x_1, x_5$	③, ④: $-2x_1 + x_2 = 1, x_1 = 0$
C	$(1, 3, 2, 0, 0)$	$x_1, x_2, x_3$	$x_4, x_5$	②, ③: $-x_1 + x_2 = 2, -2x_1 + x_2 = 1$
D	$(2, 4, 0, 0, 1)$	$x_1, x_2, x_5$	$x_3, x_4$	①, ②: $x_1 + x_2 = 6, -x_1 + x_2 = 2$
E	$(6, 0, 0, 8, 13)$	$x_1, x_4, x_5$	$x_2, x_3$	①, ⑤: $x_1 + x_2 = 6, x_2 = 0$

(b)  $F(-\frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{13}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 0)$ ;  $G(-2, 0, 8, 0, -3)$ ;  $H(0, 2, 4, 0, -1)$   
 $I(0, 6, 0, -4, -5)$ ;  $J(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, 0, -\frac{2}{3}, 0)$

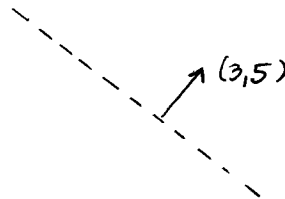
(c)

	A	B	C	D	E
Z	0	5	18	26	18

↑ max

opt. soln is  $x_1^* = 2, x_2^* = 4$   
 $z^* = 26$

(d) plot objective function line: e.g.,  $3x_1 + 5x_2 = 15$  (see graph)  
 $\nabla z = (3, 5)$



move line parallel to itself, in direction of gradient, giving point ④.